



Požega

10 - 14 March 2014

“Differences Bring Us Together”

Primary School “Julije
Kempf”





CROATIA (www.dzs.hr -2011)

Capital of Croatia - Zagreb

Total Area of Croatia. - 56,542 sq km

Population of Croatia - 4,284,889

Type of Government in Croatia - presidential/parliamentary democracy

Currency in Croatia - kuna (HRK) = 0,13 €

Time zone - CET



Fun facts about Croatia

- The oldest communal theatre in Europe was built in Hvar in the year 1612.
- The smallest cathedral in the world is located in Nin, near Zadar.
- The first hydro power plant in the world was "Iskrice", made in the city of Šibenik, on the river Krka, Croatia - 1895.
- The city of Zadar is home to the world's first Sea Organ that creates its music only by the action of the wind and waves.
- With a population of only 23 people, Hum in Istria, Croatia is officially a Guinness World Record holder for the smallest town in the world.
- The White House was built of Croatian stone, from the island of Brač.
- The first tie came from Croatia and today it is worn daily by 600 million men around the world.



Hvar



Nin



Zadar



Pula

English	Croatian	Polish	Spanish	Turkish	Greek
Hello	Bok	Cześć	Hola	merhaba	Γεια σας
Good morning	Dobro jutro	Dzień dobry	Buenos días	Günaydın	Καλημέρα
How are you	Kako si	Jak sie masz	¿Cómo estás?	Nasılsın ?	Πως είστε?
Thank you	Hvala	dziękuję	Gracias	teşekkürler	Ευχαριστώ
Bye	Đenja	cześć	Adiós/Hasta luego	hoşcakal	Γεια
Have a nice day	Ugodan dan	miłego dnia	Que tengas un buen día	iyi günler	Να περάσετε καλά
What's your name?	Kako se zoveš?	Jak sie nazywasz?	¿Cómo te llamas?	Adınız nedir ?	Πως σε λένε?
How old are you?	Koliko imaš godina?	Ile masz lat?	¿Cuántos años tienes?	kaç yaşındasın ?	Πόσο χρονών είσαι?
What is your hobby?	Koji ti je hobi?	Jakie jest Twoje hobby?	¿Cuáles son tus aficiones?	hobin nedir ?	Ποιο είναι το χόμπυ σου?
Goodbye	Doviđenja!	do widzenia	Adiós	hoşcakal	Αντίο
Good evening	Dobra večer	dobry wieczór	Buenas noches	iyi akşamlar	Καλό απόγευμα
Good night	Laka noć	dobranoc	Buenas noches	iyi geceler	Καληνύχτα
Yes	Da	tak	Si	Evet	ναι
No	Ne	nie	No	Hayır	όχι
Good afternoon	Dobar dan		Buenas tardes		Καλό απόγευμα

Project glossary



IVAN MAZAROVIC
MRT SMAIL-AGE ČENI

Loanwords

➤ Considering that Požega and its surrounding areas were under the Ottoman authority for 150 years, the Croatian language has acquired these words.

➤ The words have the same meaning in Turkish and Croatian language as well.

Croatian = Turkish English

Bakar	Copper
Boja	Color
Budala	Fool, a jackass
Bubreg	Kidney
Bunar	Water well
Čarapa	Sock
Čičak	Thistle
Čelik	Steel
Dadilja	Nanny
Dugme	Button
Deva	Camel
Džep	Pocket
Ftilj	Wick
Jastuk	Pillow
Jogurt	Yoghurt
Krevet	Bed
Kapija	Gate
Kat	Floor
Kula	Tower
Majmun	Monkey; Fool
Oluk	Rain gutter
Papuča	Slipper
Patlidžan	Eggplant
Pekmez	Jam
Rakija	Brandy
Sat	Watch
Šećer	Sugar
Tava	Pan
Tavan	Attic
Tepsija	Baking sheet
Torba	Bag
Zanat	Craft

Loanwords	Croatian Literary L.	English
Avlija	Dvorište	Courtyard
Bekrija	Pijanac, propalica	Drunkard
Čoban	Pastir	Shepherd
Čorba	Juha	Soup
Dučan	Trgovina	Shop
Džabe	Besplatno	Free of charge
Đerdan	Ogrlica	Necklace
Fenjer	Lampa	Lantern
Jok	Ne	No
Kadija	Sudac	Judge
Kašika	Žlica	Spoon
Kazan	Kotao	Cauldron
Kofte	Ćufte	Meatballs
Komšija	Susjed	Neighbour
Konak	Prenočište	Lodging
Mašallah	Uzvik radosti, protiv uroka;	Sound of content
Muštuluk	muštuluk-nagrada za dobru vijest	A reward for good news
Nišan(tur. nadgrobni spomenik)ciljnik	Nišan(tur. nadgrobni spomenik)-ciljnik	Hindsight - Term for a gravestone
Ortak	Ortak-partner	Buddy, friend
Pare	Pare-novac	Money
Pendžer	Pendžer-prozor	Window
Peškir	Peškir-ručnik	Towel
Tekija-duhovni dom u kojem derviši borave i obavljaju obrede	Tekija-duhovni dom u kojem derviši borave i obavljaju obrede	Tekija - Dervishes' spiritual place
Turšija	Turšija-ukiseljeno povrće (ili voće)	Pickled vegetables
Sokak	Sokak-uličica	Small street

Some words from the Turkish language were translated and adapted into Croatian literary language. Still, some of these words are in use in colloquial language.

Popular in Croatia

➤ Musicians in Croatia tend to blend traditional folk songs into more main stream genres, like pop and rock.

➤ **Severina** - Her music style is a mix of pop and folk music. Severina is also an actress and has appeared in theatre and film. She has released 15 records.

➤ **Gibonni** - Zlatan Stipišić Gibonni began his career in the 1980s with the heavy metal band Osmi putnik. Since then he has released 17 records in his rock -pop style.

➤ **Marko Perković/Thompson** is a singer and song writer. His band has made 8 albums since they started in 1991.

➤ **Oliver Dragojević** - Was born 7th December 1947. He is one of the most popular singers in Croatia. He has released 37 records since 1975.

Dinamo from Zagreb and Hajduk from Split are the most popular football teams in Croatia.



dinamo



Hockey and basketball are also very popular. Medveščak is our best hockey team and Cibona is our best basketball team.



KOŠARKAŠKI KLUB
CIBONA
BASKETBALL CLUB
BASKETBALL CLUB

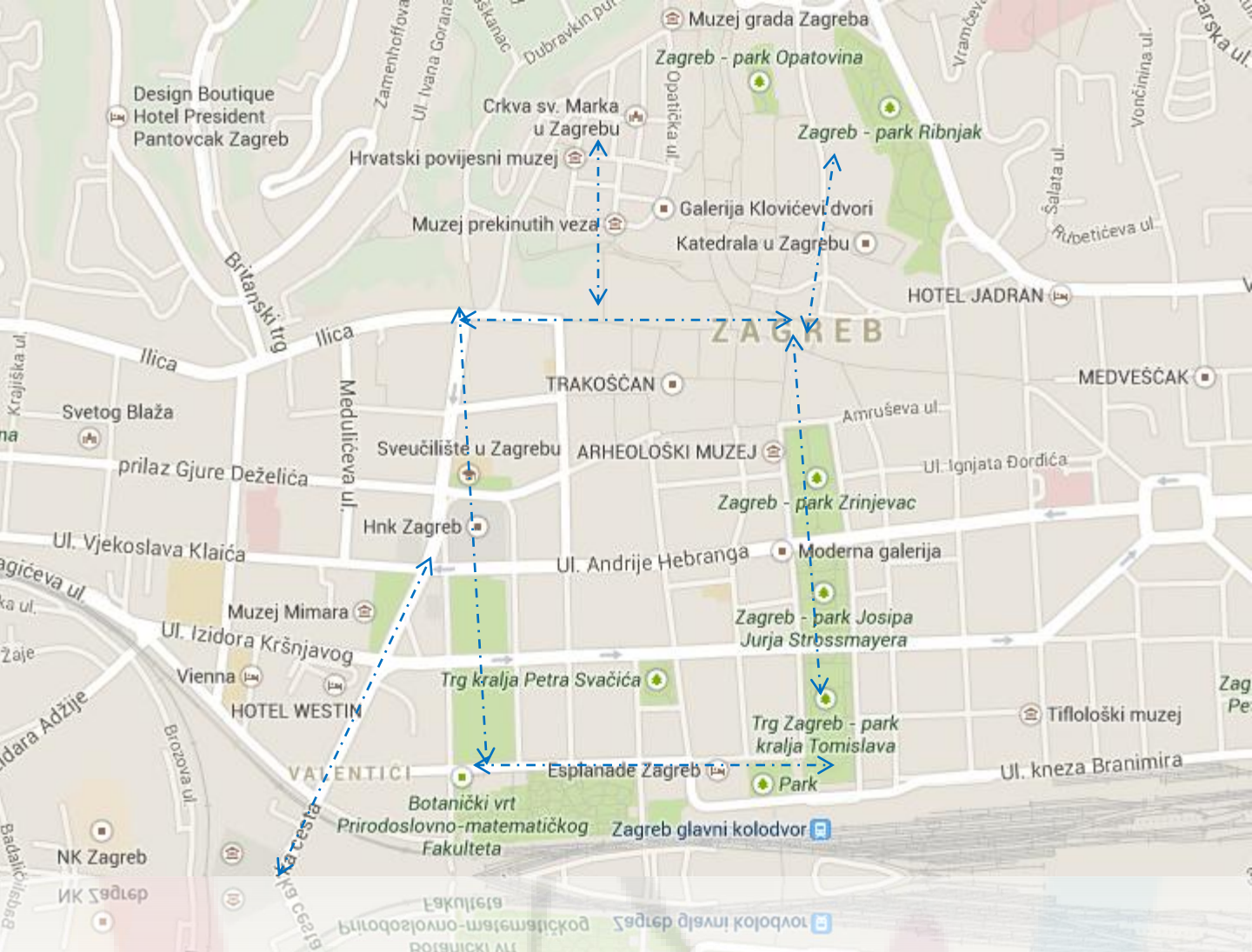
Požega 10. March - 14 March

MONDAY 10TH MARCH 2014

10:00	Meeting in Zagreb
10:00-12:00	1st sightseeing tour of Zagreb by bus
12:00-13:00	Lunch at Nokturno restaurant
13:00-17:00	2nd sightseeing tour of Zagreb, led by a tour guide
17:00-20:00	Trip to Požega
20:30-21:30	Dinner at Vila Stanišić
21:30	Return to your rooms

- *Today you are going to eat **Strukli** (also called **Zagorje strukli**, because the dish originates from the Zagorje region of Croatia).*
- *It is a traditional Croatian dish. They are a Croatian brand and an example of how simplicity can be attractive. There are 2 types of strukli: boiled and baked.*
- *Strukli are made of only a few ingredients. The most important ingredient is fresh cottage cheese: it has a fresh, slightly acidic taste and a refined taste of milk that has only really begun to ferment. The other important ingredient is dough. It's important to knead the dough very well, in order to make it more elastic.*





ZAGREB

Founded - 1242

Population (2011) - 790,017

Coordinates - [45°49'0"N 15°59'0"E](#)

Elevation - 158 m

Zagreb is Croatia's capital, as well as being a business centre, university centre, and a city of culture, art and entertainment. Springing up from two medieval settlements - Kaptol and Gradec, which form the core of the old Upper Town, it is a true Central European city.



The Capital

➤ The facades of Zagreb's buildings reflect the ebb and flow of history, while its streets and squares bear witness to the coming together of the many cultures that have shaped the identity of this laid-back capital.

➤ The first written record of Zagreb dates back to 1094, when the Hungarian king Ladislav established Kaptol.

➤ Gradec and Kaptol together form the Upper town of Zagreb.

➤ **The Stone Gate** is the only old gate that has remained intact. Built in the Middle Ages, it assumed its final form after being rebuilt in the 18th century.

➤ **St. Mark's Square** constitutes the heart of the Upper Town, having formerly served as the main square of the settlement of Gradec.

➤ **Lotrščak Tower** is the only preserved medieval tower from the 13th century fortifications, slightly modified in the 19th century.



Lotrščak Tower



The Stone Gate



St. Mark's Square



The Capital

➤ **Ban Jelačić Square** is the central square of the city of Zagreb, Croatia, named after ban Josip Jelačić. The square has existed since the 17th century.

Statue of ban Josip Jelačić

➤ **Nikola Šubić Zrinski Square** (popularly referred to as Zrinjevac) is a square and park in Donji Grad, the central part of Zagreb, the capital of Croatia. It is located near the central Ban Jelačić Square, halfway towards the Main Railway Station.



Zrinjevac

➤ It is a part of the so-called Green horseshoe or Lenuzzi's horseshoe, which consists of seven squares in Donji grad. It is spread over an area of 12,540 square meters.

➤ **Maksimir Park** is Zagreb's oldest public park. It forms part of the city's cultural heritage and is a habitat for many different plant and animal species.



Maksimir

➤ The park was opened in 1794 under the initiative of the man for whom it was named, Bishop Maksimilijan Vrhovac of Zagreb (1752-1827).

Adress: *Dr. Franje Tuđmana 10*
34 000 Požega
restoran@vila-stanisic.hr
00 385 34 312 168

Breakfast: 07:00-10:00h
Free Wi-Fi
Free parking

Free breakfast
Free Wi-Fi
Breakfast: 07:00-10:00h

00 385 34 312 168
restoran@vila-stanisic.hr
31 000 Požega

Accommodation

BEDS	4	4	4
Student or Teacher/ Male or Female	SM	SM	SF
COUNTRY	GGPS	PPGS	SSPP

3rd floor

BEDS	1	1	2	2	2
Student or Teacher/ Male or Female	TM	TF	TF	TF	TM
COUNTRY	S	T	T	S	G

2nd floor

BEDS	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4
Student or Teacher/ Male or Female	D	TF	SM	SM	SF	TF	TF	TM	SF
COUNTRY	P	T	T	T	T	P	P	P	SSPG

1st floor

Tuesday 11th March 2014

09:00	Coming to Primary School Julije Kempf
09:00-12:00	School - Official Programme: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sightseeing of the school - school orchestra - traditional songs and dances performed by our students - traditional uniforms presented by our students and teachers - a play performed by 3rd graders
12:00-13:00	Social hour with our teachers and students
13:00-14:00	Lunch at Vila Stanišić restaurant
14:00- 14:30	Short break at the hotel
14:30-17:00	Workshops (we will split into mixed groups for the following workshops) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Creating a Webpage (only for teachers) - Preparing a cookbook (for teachers and students) - Decorating through arts and crafts (for teachers and students)
17:00-19:00	Free time
20:00-21:00	Traditional Croatian dinner with live music

➤ ***Today we recommend Roast Turkey with Pasta Tatters***

➤ *This recipe for roast turkey with pasta tatters, purica s mlincima, bears witness to Croatians' love of whole roasted birds. We like to serve goose, turkey, chicken and duck with mlinces (MLEEN-tsehs), also known as mlinci, a stiff cracker-type dumpling that is reconstituted in boiling water and flavored with the roast drippings. They're known as "pasta tatters" in English.*



OŠ Julije Kempf

- The school started with its work 110 years ago.
- First, it was a boys' elementary school, which did not have its own building for over 100 years of its existence.
- At a cost of about 80,000 crowns, the school's construction works began in November 1893.
- From 1895 to 1956, the school had several different names: Town Public School (Urbana schola nationalis), Prime Schoolroom in Požega, Public school in Požega
- When a new building was constructed in 1957, Primary School "Nikola Demonja" transferred to that location, while Primary School "Vladimir Nazor" stayed in the old one.
- In 1992, the bust of Julije Kempf was added to the front of the school, a work of Antun Petrović, an academic sculptor. The original bust is in the City Museum. The school was redecorated in 2009.





Our teachers and students

66 employees

*Address:
Dr Franje Tuđmana 2,
34000 Požega, Croatia*

*Phone number:
00385/34273799
00382/34213100*

Principal: Dragan Zovko



*50 computers and 28
laptops*

*Julija Kempfa
618 students*

34 classes

39 teachers



*Average salary:
723€/month
153€/month*

E-mail: os-julija-kempfa@po.t-com.hr

Retirement age: 67



Traditional clothes

MEN'S COSTUMES

1. KOŠULJA - **SHIRT**
2. HLAČE - **LINEN TROUSERS**
3. PRSLUK - **WAISTCOAT**
4. TKANICA - **BELT**
5. ČARAPE - **SOCKS**
6. OPANCI - **LEATHER FOOTWEAR**
7. ŠEŠIR - **HAT**

WOMEN'S COSTUMES

1. OPLEČAK - **LINEN BLOUSE**
2. KRILA - **LINEN SKIRT**
3. TKANICA - **WOVEN BELT**
4. PREGAČA, FERTUN SVILENAC - **SILKEN APRON**
5. MARAMA ZA LEĐA - **SCARF FOR COVERING THE BACK**
- TIBETKINJA ILI ŠEFOLKA RESULJA - **CASHMIRE SCARF**
- SVILENKA - **SILKEN SCARF**
6. POCULICA (NOVI TIP BIJELE KAPICE) - **CAP (NEW TYPE OF WHITE CAP)**
7. PODVEZA-ŠEFOLKA - **SCARF FOR COVERING THE HEAD**
8. NARUKVICA - **KNITTED HAND DECORATION**
9. ČARAPE - **SOCKS**
10. OPANCI KAIŠARI - **SHOES**
11. OGRLICA - **NECKLACE**



Croatian Musical Instruments

➤ Tamburica (diminutive of tambura) music is a form of folk music that involves these and related string instruments. It became increasingly popular in the 1800s, and small bands began to form, paralleling similar developments in Russia, Italy and the Ukraine.

➤ The main themes of tamburitza songs are the common themes of love and happy village life. Tamburitza music is primarily associated with the northeast Pannonian part of the country. It is sometimes said that the first sextet of tambura players was formed by Pajo Kolarić of Osijek in 1847.

➤ Traditional tamburitza ensembles are still commonplace, but more professional groups have formed in the last few decades.

➤ Today, the most prevalent forms of Tambura music are folk-pop combinations.



Our school organizes an annual school orchestra festival.



School orchestra



EXPERIENCES BRING US
TOGETHER

Workshop: Creating a project website



When ?

Tuesday, 11th March 2014.

From 14:30 till 17:00.



Where ?

IT classroom of Primary School Julije Kempf



Participants ?

Only teachers. Every country is represented by at least one teacher who has experience with IT.



What will we do ?

Teacher will learn how to maintain a website on a free online editor (www.wix.com). It includes working with text, pictures, video, applications, keywords, design, publishing a website and optimizing a website for mobile phones.



Paper instructions ?

Teachers will receive instructions with usernames and passwords by e-mail.

57. Fileki s mrvicama.
(Kutti-life k mit li-dsein).

58. Prženi fileki.
(Kutte fleck gebacken).

59. Našpikano srce.
(Gaspicktes Herz).



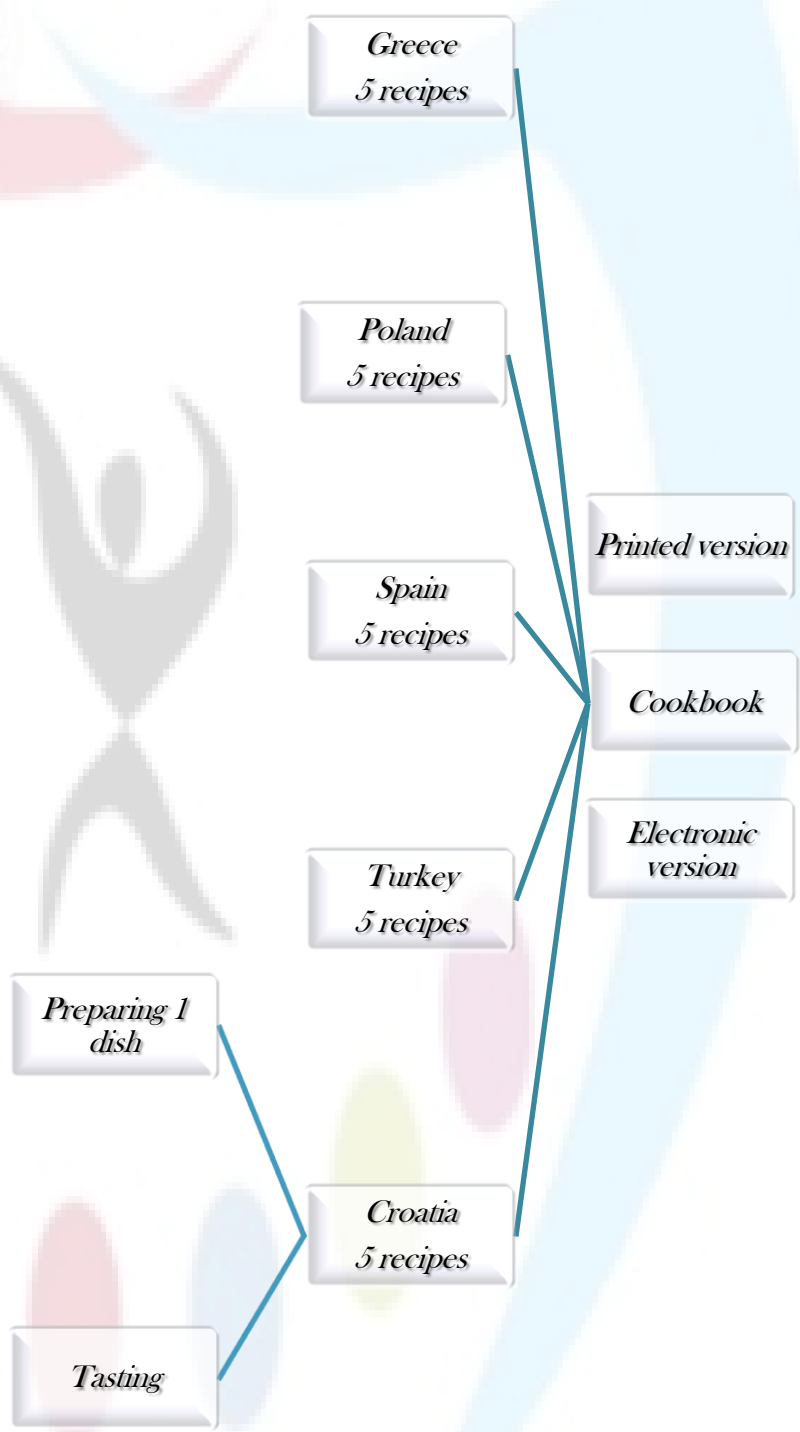
Cookbook

➤ As part of our project, we will be putting together a cookbook using five recipes from each of the participating countries.

➤ Recipes can be submitted in video form or in Word format, which should include a picture, list of ingredients, instructions, and the website from which they were taken.

➤ We will make one Croatian recipe together. You will have the opportunity to taste the other Croatian dishes throughout your trip.

➤ We hope you will enjoy trying our special recipes!



Wednesday, 12th March 2014

9:00-9:30	Meeting at the school
9:30-11:00	Parade of the historical military groups - Official Town Day
11:00-11:30	Official visit with the mayor
11:30-13:00	Sightseeing tour of Požega
13:00-14:30	Lunch in the Požega vineyards
14:30-16:00	Sightseeing of the Požega highlands and celebrating St. Gregory's Day
16:00-19:00	For teachers: Free time For students: Workshops led by our students and teachers <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Library workshop-Students will take part in a seminar that focuses on regional artists, poets, and writers (in the Požega Library)- Creating bulletin boards- Participants will gain an understanding of Croatian culture through the study of weddings, holidays, music, and foods, led by Croatian students (in the Požega Library)
19:00	Dinner at Vila Stanišić

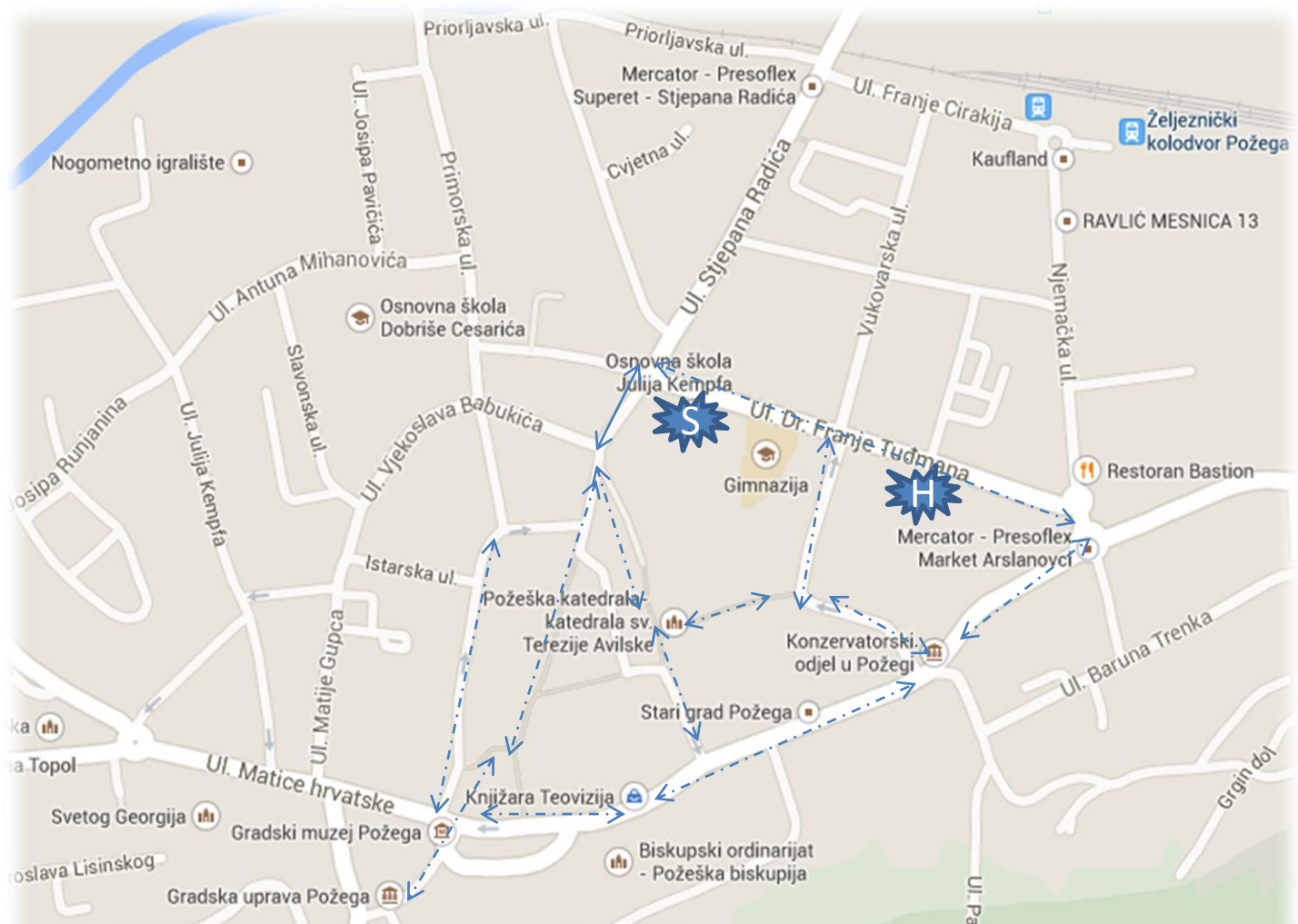
Nut Roll (Orahnjača)

We will introduce you to the Orahnjača (= Croatian Nut Roll), a sweet yeast bread roll filled with walnuts.

It can also be filled with other nuts (hazelnuts, almonds) or ground poppy seeds, cinnamon, jams, whatever you like.

When they are freshly baked, they have the best smell ever!





POŽEGA

Founded - 12th century

Population (2011) - 26,403

Coordinates - [45°19'59"N 17°40'25"E](#)

Elevation - 311 m

Situated in a golden valley, which the Romans called Vallis Aurea, framed by the Slavonian mountain ring, throughout the centuries Požega has been a very vital centre for the population of central Slavonia. Its location at the foot of Stari grad and the surrounding hills meant that it was able to create a medieval fortress around which the town grew.



Požega

- This city is first mentioned in 1227, when Fort Požega was given the title of a Royal Manor.
- The City of Požega plays an important role in the Middle Ages, but in modern Slavonia as well.
- It is the centre of Požega County, the Ottoman Sandžakat, and after the exile of the Ottomans, it became a significant cultural centre.
- **The Gymnasium** in Požega was founded in 1699 and it is classified as one of the oldest educational institutions in the Republic of Croatia.
- In the period from 1761 to 1776 it was aligned among high schools under the name of Academia Posegana, with two faculties - the Faculty of Philosophy and the Faculty of Theology.



- *Holy Trinity Square with its Baroque houses and circular shape- a symbol of Požega.*



- *The Gymnasium in Požega*

Požega

- **Saint Teresa of Ávila Cathedral** is a cathedral in Požega, Croatia, and the seat of the Požega diocese. Located near the Požega city center and at the foot of the hill where a medieval fortress once stood, this cathedral is a beautiful example of Baroque architecture.
- The project of construction was endorsed by empress Maria Theresa on July 11, 1754, and the building started on June 28, 1756.
- **St. Lawrence** church was built in the 14th century on the foundations of an even older church, which still has to be scientifically confirmed by archeologists. The church has suffered several devastations and annex constructions. Some medieval frescoes have been saved on the south walls and in the sanctuary.
- **The fortress of Požega**, an elongated hexagonal fortification located on a hill in the present-day city center, was probably built during the 11th century, although the first documents that clearly mention Požega county date from 1210.



Saint Teresa of Avila Cathedral



Saint Lawrence Church



St. Gregory's Day

➤ St. Gregory was a monk from the sixth century.

➤ On St. Gregory's day (12th March) friar Luka Ibrišimović forced the Ottoman Empire out of Požega. Thanks to that he got the nickname "Hawk".

➤ He was important for the liberation of Slavonia.

➤ On St. Gregory's day, the citizens of Požega celebrate the official town day.

➤ On that day Trenck's Pandurs fire from cannons in the honor of friar Luka Ibrišimović.

➤ On St. Gregory's day students of primary schools don't attend classes.



Wedding Traditions and Holidays

➤ Workshop to learn about Croatian culture (we will split into mixed groups)

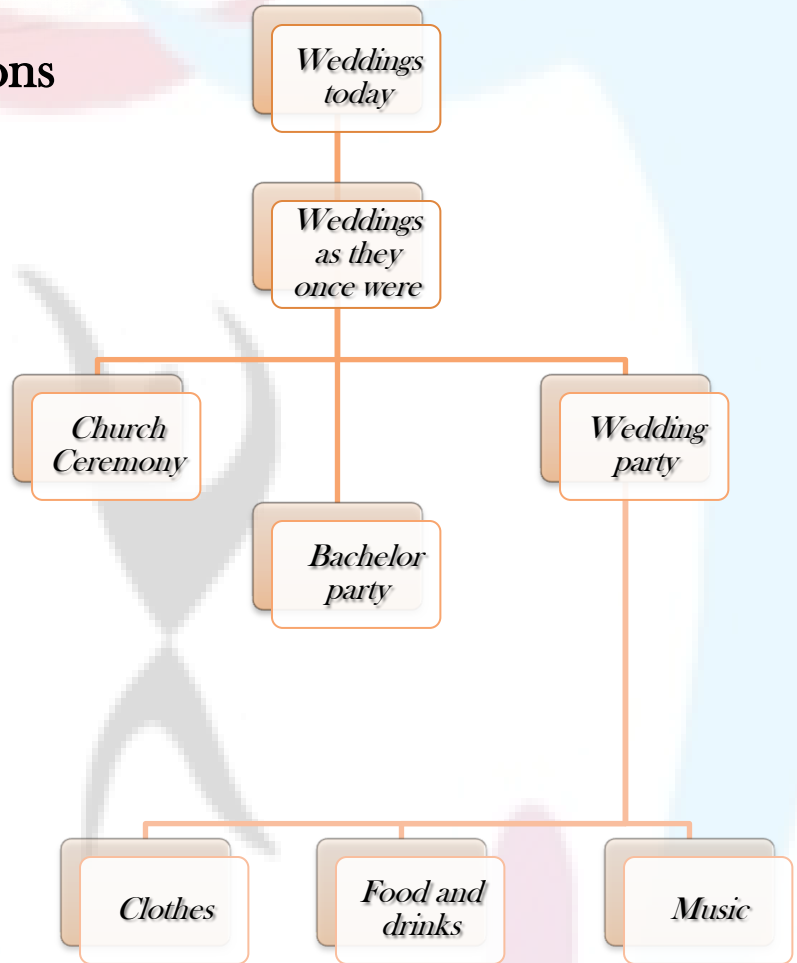
➤ The workshops will be led by our students and teachers.

➤ Two groups will create bulletin boards and pamphlets.

➤ The third group will create souvenirs using plaster and our project's logo.

➤ You will also learn about our wedding ceremonies by:

- doing arts and crafts
- creating bulletin boards



notes



Food and drinks

- Each part of Croatia has its own culinary traditions.
- The food is different depending on the area in which you are located.
- The most popular local dishes and specialties: Dalmatian and Istrian prosciutto, Pag or Lika cheese, goat cheese, Slavonian Kulen...
- Croatia has a centuries-old tradition of producing top-quality wines.
- Famous varieties of Croatian wines are: Dingač, Malvasia, Riesling, Traminer, Chardonnay...
- The food of continental Croatia is very different than on the coast.
- Pasta, potatoes, beans, milk dishes, dishes with bacon and pork are prepared here. Dried ham and sausages are also very popular.
- In this region hot goulash and fish stew are also typical.



Pag cheese



Slavonian kulen



Red wine



Goulash



Thursday, 13th March 2014

07:00	Meeting in front of the school
07:00-11:00	Trip to Rastoke - Short breaks
11:00-12:00	Sightseeing tour of Rastoke
12:00-13:00	Lunch at Rastoke
13:00-13:30	Trip to Plitvice Lakes
13:30-17:00	Sightseeing of Plitvice Lakes
17:00-18:30	Trip to Karlovac
18:30-19:30	Dinner in Karlovac
19:30-22:00	Trip back to Požega

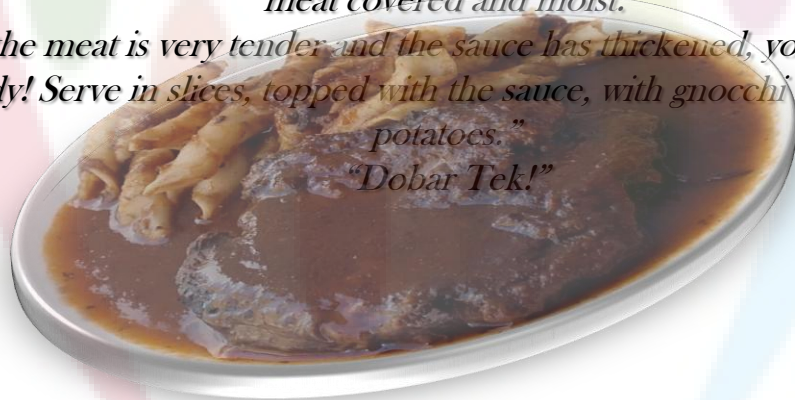
Dalmatian Pot Roast 'pasticada'

A traditional slow-cooked beef roast from the sunny southern Dalmatian coast in Croatia, marinated in wine and herbs and cooked in a mouth watering plum sauce!

Our dalmatian friends recommend: "Slow cook until the meat softens, about 3 hours. Stir occasionally and add water as needed or if needed, to keep the meat covered and moist."

When the meat is very tender and the sauce has thickened, your pasticada is ready! Serve in slices, topped with the sauce, with gnocchi or mashed potatoes."

"Dobar Tek!"





Plitvice Lakes NP

- Plitvice National Park in Croatia is considered to be one of the most beautiful natural sights in Europe.
- Plitvice Lakes National Park contains a series of beautiful lakes, caves and waterfalls.
- These have been formed by processes typical of karst landscapes such as the deposition of travertine barriers, creating natural dams.
- It is in central Croatia, in the eastern part of the Lika-Senj county.
- Due to its natural beauty and significance, this system of 16 interlinked lakes and a large forest complex around it were set aside as a national park in 1949.
- In 1979, the park was inscribed on the UNESCO World Heritage List.
- Plitvice Lakes National Park is the oldest national park in Southeast Europe and the largest national park in Croatia.



The biggest lakes are Kozjak, Prošćansko Lake and Galovac



The beauty of the National Park lies in its lakes, inter-connected by a series of waterfalls, and set in deep woodland populated by deer, bears, wolves, boars and rare bird species.

Rastoke

- Rastoke is the historic center of the Croatian municipality of Slunj.
- It is known for its little waterfalls along the river Slunjčica, phenomena similar to Plitvice lakes.
- Rastoke is a place of autochthonous ecologic and ethnographic significance.
- Both Rastoke and Plitvice Lakes are connected by the Korana river.
- The watermills erected at Rastoke largely contributed to the development of Slunj.
- The watermills were used for the production of flour from wheat.
- Today, they have been transformed into hotels.



If you are in Karlovac you should visit these attractions:

Karlovac

- Karlovac was severely damaged during the war in the 1990s. It has slowly been rebuilt over the last two decades.
- The city was specifically designed to defend against enemies (Ottomans).
- It lies on four rivers: Korana, Kupa, Dobra and Mrežnica.
- The population of the city is 59,395. It is located at the crossroads of important road and rail routes from Zagreb to Rijeka and Split.
- It has got many beautiful parks and green spaces, and it is known for its brewery.
- The Karlovac brewery was established in 1854. The owner of the brewery is Heineken company.



Pauline Monastery in Kamensko



Franciscan Monastery and Church of the Holy Trinity




The star-historic center of Karlovac



Patriotic War Museum



City museum



Papuk

- Papuk is the largest mountain in the Slavonia region in eastern Croatia, near the city of Požega.
- It extends between Bilogora to the northwest, Krndija to the east, and Ravna gora and Psunj to the southwest.
- The highest peak is the eponymous peak at 953 m.
- The area of Papuk is designated as a nature park ,a kind of protected area in Croatia.
- In 2007, Papuk Geopark became the first Croatian Geopark and the 30th member of the European and UNESCO Global Geoparks Network.
- Geopark Papuk was awarded a licence from UNESCO for the second time in 2011.



The Flora of Papuk



Jankovac, Papuk



Friday, 14 th March 2014

08:00-09:30	Breakfast
09:00-12:30.	Evaluation of the meeting
12:30-13:30	Lunch
13:30	Departure to your own countries

Croatian Pepper Cookies (Paprenjaci)

The history of these cookies goes back to Renaissance times. It is a traditional Croatian Christmas cookie. We usually use wooden moulds with various characters. You can buy these moulds in Croatia, but we do not think you can purchase them anywhere else. These cookies are also a traditional souvenir, and if you are flying Croatia Airlines, we are sure you will get one. But don't worry if you don't-we will make sure you get a chance to try them.





Our next trip

The nearest cities to arrive to Seville

- Seville airport - very expensive.
- Málaga airport - 250 km from Seville/ 2: 30 hours by car or train from Seville
 - The train from Málaga to Seville, a return ticket costs 46 euros more or less
 - A single ticket would be 19 euros for children and 29 for adults more or less
- Madrid airport - 550 km from Seville/ 6 hours by bus/ 2:30 or 3 hours by train from Seville

Residencia Maese Rodrigo in Mairena del Aljarafe

- **Double room:** 44euros per night/bed and breakfast.
- **Single room:** 34 euros per night/bed and breakfast.

Lunch/dinner

- **Lunch/dinner** cost 7 euros each in the accomodation.
- **Meals:** You can go for “tapas” from 10 to 15 euros and a special meal from 20 to 25 euros.
- It is only 10 minutes from school on foot. And it is located near by the Metro

Metro

- **Metro** (underground) to go to Seville in 15 minutes (2,50 - 3 euros a return ticket).

Number of visitors

- **From Croatia:** 3 double rooms and 1 single room.
- **From Greece:** 3 double rooms.
- **From Turkey:** 8 double rooms
- **From Poland:** 1 double and 1 single room.(Only teachers).



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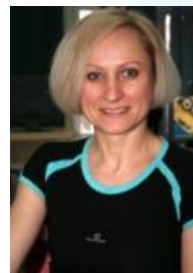
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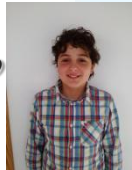
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**Comenius Požega Guide
Primary School "Julije Kempf"**

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34 000

Požega

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Together"**

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